## Math2204: Written HW 11 (Due Friday 4/25, 5pm)

No calculator or other electronic devices for written HWs.

Include a formula you use in the write-up of that problem.

Hand in ALL WORK AND REASONING for the following problems.

- Section 13.1: 39.
- **Section 13.2**: 3, 8. For 3 and 8: First find an equation in x and y that represents the curve. Then sketch the xy-curve.
- **Section 13.2**: 25, 39.
- **Section 13.3**: 4, 17, 25.
- **Section 13.4**: 8, 15, 21.
- A) Let  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \sin t, e^t, \cos t \rangle$ . Compute
  - 1. the **unit** tangent vector T(t).
  - 2. an equation of the tangent line to  $\mathbf{r}(t)$  at (0, 1, 1).
- **B)** Let  $r_1(t) = \langle t^2, 1 t^2, t + 1 \rangle$  and  $r_2(t) = \langle 1 t^2, t, t \rangle$ .
  - 1. Find all points at which the curves  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  intersect.
  - 2. If two particles travel along these two curves, do they collide?
- C) Compute the length of the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 10 \sin t, -6 \cos t, 8 \cos t \rangle$  with  $0 \le t \le \pi/2$ .
- **D)** Let  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t + e^{-t}, te^t, t^2 + t^3 \rangle$ . Compute the curvature of  $\mathbf{r}(t)$  at the point (1, 0, 0).
- **E)** A baseball player hits a ball at t = 1 at ground level with a velocity 5i + 5k. The ball has mass m = 1 and is subject to gravity (take g = 10) and to a wind force 2j. Compute the velocity of the ball when it hits the ground?