

14.3: Partial Derivatives

■ Notation for regular derivatives of $f = f(x)$

1. $\frac{df}{dx}$ Straight d's

2. f'

■ Notation for partial derivatives of $f = f(x, y, z)$

1. $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$ Round ∂ 's

2. f_x, f_y, f_z

■ Notation for partial derivatives of $f = f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2}, \dots, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_n}$$

14.3: Partial Derivatives

- Notation for second partial derivatives of $f = f(x, y)$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{xx} &= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right) & f_{xy} &= (f_x)_y = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} \\ f_{yy} &= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right) & f_{yx} &= (f_y)_x = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right) = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} \end{aligned}$$

- Notation for second partial derivatives of $f = f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1^2}, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2}, \dots, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_1 \partial x_n} \text{ etc.}$$

- Notation for third partial derivatives of $f = f(x, y, z)$

$$f_{xyz} = \frac{\partial^3 f}{\partial z \partial y \partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right) \right] \text{ etc.}$$

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■ Computing second partial derivatives

- **Example:** Compute second partial derivatives of $f(x, y) = x^2 + xy$

$$f_x = 2x + y \quad (y \text{ constant})$$

$$f_y = 0 + x \quad (x \text{ constant})$$

$$f_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (f_x) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (2x + y) = 2 \quad (y \text{ constant})$$

$$f_{xy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (f_x) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2x + y) = 1 \quad (x \text{ constant})$$

$$f_{yx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (f_y) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x) = 1 \quad (y \text{ constant})$$

$$f_{yy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (f_y) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x) = 0 \quad (x \text{ constant})$$