

## Test 3: All Unit 3 notes and posted Unit 3 slides

### Basic knowledge

- Integration of basic functions ( $\sin t$ ,  $\cos t$ ,  $e^t$ ,  $t^n$ ,  $\sqrt{t^n}$ );  $u$ -substitution; Recognize hard integrals; Dot product; Cross product; Curve and surface parametrization; Partial derivatives; Gradient vector; Curl; Divergence; Set up and evaluation of double integrals in rectangular and polar coordinates; Set up and evaluation of triple integrals in rectangular, cylindrical, and spherical coordinates.

### Integration over paths and surfaces; Integral theorems

- **4.2/7.1** Path integral of scalar functions  $\int_{\mathbf{c}} f \, ds = \int_a^b f(\mathbf{c}(t)) \|\mathbf{c}'(t)\| \, dt$

Arc length; Area of a fence; Mass of a wire; Integration over piecewise  $C^1$  paths.

- **7.2** Line integral of vector fields  $\int_{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \int_a^b \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{c}(t)) \cdot \mathbf{c}'(t) \, dt$

Work; Differential form of a line integral; Line integrals over curves with opposite orientation.

- **7.4-5** Surface integral of scalar function  $\iint_S f \, dS = \iint_D f(\Phi(u, v)) \|\mathbf{T}_u \times \mathbf{T}_v\| \, du \, dv$

Area of a surface; Mass of a surface.

- **7.6** Surface integral of vector field  $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS = \iint_D \mathbf{F}(\Phi(u, v)) \cdot (\mathbf{T}_u \times \mathbf{T}_v) \, du \, dv$

Heat flux; Flow rate; Surface integrals over surfaces with opposite orientation.

- **8.1** Green for  $\mathbf{F} = (P, Q)$ :  $\int_{\partial D} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \int_{\partial D} P \, dx + Q \, dy = \iint_D (\partial Q/\partial x - \partial P/\partial y) \, dx \, dy$

Closed curves; Boundary of a 2D region; Area of a surface.

- **8.2** Stokes:  $\iint_S (\nabla \times \mathbf{F}) \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \int_{\partial S} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s}$ ; Boundary of a surface; Closed surface.

- **7.2/8.3** Line integral of gradient field  $\mathbf{F} = \nabla f$ :  $\int_{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \int_{\mathbf{c}} (\nabla f) \cdot d\mathbf{s} = f(\mathbf{c}(b)) - f(\mathbf{c}(a))$

Conservative field; Scalar potential of a gradient field.

- **8.4** Gauss:  $\iiint_W \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} \, dV = \iint_{\partial W} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$ ; Orientation of closed boundary surface  $\partial W$  of a 3D solid;

Unit outward normal  $\mathbf{n}$ .

- **8.4/8.1** Gauss in  $\mathbb{R}^2$   $\iint_D \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} \, dA = \int_{\partial D} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, ds$ ; Closed curve  $\partial D$ ; Outward unit normal  $\mathbf{n}$ .

- **4.4/8.2/8.4** Interpretation of divergence and curl.

### What not to know (everything we did **not** discuss in class):

- Integration by parts; Applications involving electric fields; Historical Notes.
- **7.1-4**: The Total Curvature of a Curve (p.355-356); Line Integrals over Geometric Curves (p.368-370); The  $d\mathbf{r}$  Notation for Line Integrals (p.371-373); Formula (4) on p.387; Formula (6) on p. 388.
- **8.1-4**: Theorem 3 (p.434); p.447 Ex. 4 to p.450; Theorem 8 (p.459); Divergence in Spherical Coordinates (p.470-471).